

# THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XXII.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1904.

NO. 28.

## PARKER IS THE NOMINEE

Chosen By The Democratic National Convention At St. Louis

### GREAT ENTHUSIASM MANIFESTED

Excellent New York Jurist Wins the Nomination on First Ballot Amid Great Enthusiasm—Platform Adopted—Hearst and Gray

St. Louis, Special.—Judge Alton B. Parker was nominated for President by the Democratic National Convention on Saturday morning at 5:40, central time. On the first ballot he received 671 ballots—more than the two-thirds necessary to a choice.

There was unbounded enthusiasm among the delegates when the result of the vote was announced.

The Democratic National Convention which assembled in St. Louis on July 12 was one of the largest representative bodies that ever graced a convention hall since the beginning of the republic.

John Sharp Williams was temporary chairman, and made a vigorous speech, urging the Republican position on all questions.

The committee on permanent organization nominated Champ Clark, of Missouri, for permanent chairman.

The platform was adopted on Friday night, and Parker, Bryan and Gray were each placed in nomination.

The following is taken from the nomination speech of Mr. Littleton who placed Judge Parker's name before the convention:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: We do not expect here that stupid peace which smells of chloroform. We do not wish that unctuous unanimity which springs from the unconflicting emotions of a solitary man. We would not have our harmony in a single harness. We, too, love the stir of a strenuous life; but we believe in equal strenuousness for all and special strenuousness for none. We do not derive our power from the seats of the mighty, but from the souls of the humble. We do not ask for insane agreement springing from faithless fire; but rather outbursts of disension issuing from robust freedom. We are not in executive session, but rather in the committee of the whole. We were sent here by the people to select a candidate. We were not sent here by the candidate to notify the people. Our adversaries, by dwelling tenderly on the simplicity of the lapsed McKinley, managed to endure for three days the strenuousness of Roosevelt. By recounting in affectionate terms the achievements of the one, they evoked an enthusiasm which they immediately credited to the other. Through tears that were shed for the noble dead, they saw a larger outline of the living. Driven by lash and lured by lack, they called on all the sacred dust to keep their spirits up. Set to run for three full days, the pendulum petered out, the hands stuck fast, and only a strenuous shake could make the wheels go round. Spiritless in the sulken task, they worked uphill the grain and gravity of the hour. Without the master whom they had learned to love, they lingered under the whip of one whom they have learned to fear. Stripped of premeditated pomp and shorn of soothing phrase, the occasion meant no more or less than an era of boots and spurs. Take away the tribute to the dead and all that is left is a horseman on the slopes of San Juan. Remove the reverend black that tells of a nation's grief, and underneath is a khaki uniform. Without the record made by hands and hearts now still, and all that is left is usurpation's bold account. Pull off the mask that wears the kindly smile of peace and see the grim and firm get teeth of war. It was the change from sure and certain ways to the shifting, eddying currents of the wild unknown. It was a leap in the darkness of Republican eclipse, and four years hence will find them vainly looking for the light. It marks the place where a party, in a year's time, forsook the beaten path and went on a winding way of untraveled roads. It makes the gap between the era of the conservative and the radical. It looks good now because they do not see where the old force ends and the new begins."

"We appeal to every Democrat from everywhere to forget the bitter warfare of the past; forget the strife and anger of the older, other days; abandon all the grudge and rancor of party discontent, and recalling with ever-increasing pride, the triumphs of our fifty years of a constitutional government of liberty and peace—here and now resolve to make the future record that resplendent reach of time in which liberty and peace went up and down the nations of the earth, building their kingdom in the hearts of men and gathering the harvest of genius and toil; in which reason struck from the hand of force the sword of hate and plucked from the heart of war the germ of greed; in

which conscience smote the thoughts of wrong and filled the mind with mercy's sweet restraint; in which power grew in the human brain, but refused the shelter of a glittering crowd; in which the people of all lands and tongues, awakened to hope by the inspiration of our example, followed with the march of years the luminous pathway leading to a destiny beyond the reach of vision and within the providence of God. In this spirit, New York nominates for President of the United States Alton B. Parker."

Mr. Littleton's speech dealt at length with Republican claims, and he grew eloquent in his peroration in which he named the New York jurist for the standard bearer. He was liberally applauded.

The nominations of both Hearst and Gray were well received and liberally applauded.

The platform adopted deals with a number of public questions. The money question, however, was omitted as a compromise.

**PROMINENT PEOPLE.**

Senor Zald, Secretary of State and Justice of Cuba, resigned.

King Edward returned to London from Kiel; he was warmly greeted.

Ex-President Cleveland and his family physician arrived at Buzzard's Bay, Mass., for an indefinite stay.

Andrew Carnegie has given \$50,000 for a chair of English in the Götterburg University, at Stockholm, Sweden.

United States Minister Bryan gave a ball at the legation in Lisbon in honor of the King and Queen of Portugal.

Rudolf von Gotschall, the German poet and writer, has been endowed with an annuity of 1200 marks by the city of Leipzig.

The people of Paris will honor George Sand by erecting a statue of the great writer to stand in the Place des Vosges, near the Victor Hugo Museum.

Advices from Montone, France, under date of May 19, say that Paul Kruger is in a very comfortable state of health considering his great age, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

Paderevski, the pianist, in order to show his disapproval of the Prussian Government's Polish policy, has forbidden his orchestra to perform "Mazurka" to be produced in the German theatre of Posen.

Dr. Davidson, Archbishop of Canterbury, has accepted an invitation to attend the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States and Canada, to be held in Boston in October.

Secretary Hay has great respect for anyone who has tackled and mastered the Russian language, for he spent more time and effort on it than he ever had upon any other language before he abandoned the effort to acquire it.

**NEWS IN THE FAR EAST.**

The Japanese fought their way to within eight miles of Port Arthur and began to bombard the forts.

Two Japanese spies disguised as itinerant organ grinders were arrested in Russian seaport of Narva.

Russians report that the Japanese have evacuated Senn-Chen, apparently to entice Port Arthur south.

Work of preparing the Russian Baltic squadron for service in the far East is being pushed day and night.

An incendiary fire in the arsenal at Cronstadt exploded twenty Whitehead torpedoes, destroying a building.

A cablegram to London says the Russian battleship Sanki in a late engagement at Port Arthur was the Poltava.

Chinese arriving at Chefoo said that the Japanese bombarded Port Arthur on June 23, many shells falling in the town.

### SUBSTANCE OF THE PLATFORM

Most Important Features of Democratic Declarations.

The following is a summary of the Democratic platform adopted by the St. Louis convention:

"We, the delegates to the Democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declare our devotion to the essential principles of the Democratic faith which bring us together in hearty communion.

"Under their local self-government and national unity and prosperity were alike established. They underlaid our independence, the structure of our free republic and every Democratic extension from Louisiana to California and faithfully in all the States the tie between taxation and representation. They set before the masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties, and cherishing their fraternity, peace and orderly development. They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens, and express our indignation at this time, the necessity of reform and the rescue of the administration of government from the headstrong, arbitrary and spasmodic methods which distract business by uncertainty and pervade the public mind with dread, distrust and perturbation.

"The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day constitutes the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of conscience and of speech, equality before the law of all citizens, the right of trial by jury, freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus, the supremacy of civil over military authority; a well disciplined militia; the separation of Church and State; economy in expenditures; low taxes, that labor may be lightly burdened; the prompt and sacred fulfillment of public and private obligations, including fidelity to treaties; peace and friendship with all nations; untangling alliances with none; absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principle of republics—these are doctrines which Democracy has established as precepts of the nation, and they should be constantly invoked, preached, resorted to and enforced.

"I. Large reductions can readily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service, and we shall insist upon the strictest economy in the management of the public treasury.

**TARIFF REFORMS.**

"4. The Democratic party has been, and will continue to be, the consistent opponent of that class of tariff legislation by which certain interests have been permitted, through congressional favor, to draw a heavy tribute from the American people. The monstrous perversion of those equal opportunities which our political institutions were established to secure has caused what may once have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known.

"These publicly favored enterprises have, through trust methods, been converted into monopolies, bringing to an end domestic competition, which was the only check upon the extravagant profits made possible by the protective system. These industries, by the growth and assistance they can give, now control the policy of the Republican party.

The Isthmian Canal is favored and the trust legislation of the Republican party is denounced.

The plank of the Republican platform bearing on the rice question comes in for liberal share of censure.

Reasonable pension laws are recommended but the extravagance of a Republican pension legislation is denounced.

**SHIP SUBSIDY BILL DENOUNCED.**

"Merchant Marine: We denounce the ship subsidy bill recently passed by the United States Senate as an iniquitous appropriation of public funds for private purposes and a wasteful, illogical and useless attempt to overcome by subsidy the obstructions raised by Republican legislation to the growth and development of American commerce on the sea. We favor the upbuilding of a merchant marine without new or additional burdens upon the people and without bounties from the public treasury.

"Condemnation of Polygamy: We demand the extension of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the complete separation of church and State in political affairs.

"Reclamation of Arid Lands and Domestic Development: We congratulate our Western citizens upon the passage of the measure known as the Newland's Irrigation act for the reclamation and reclamation of the arid lands of the West—a measure framed by a Democratic majority and passed in the House against the opposition of almost all the Republican leaders by a vote, the majority of which was Democratic. We call attention to this great Democratic measure, broad and comprehensive as it is working automatically throughout all time without further action of Congress until the reclamation of all the lands in the arid West capable of reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for home-seekers in small tracts and rigidly guarding against land monopoly as an evidence of the policy of domestic development contemplated by the Democratic party should it be placed in power."

**News by Wire.**

Complete scores in the recent target practice of the navy have been computed.

Senator Gorman spent part of the day in Washington, but denied himself to all callers.

The failure of a statue of Thomas Jefferson and furniture from the University of Virginia to arrive at St. Louis caused another postponement in the dedication of the Virginia building.

### DAVIS FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

National Democratic Ticker Completed Saturday Night

WAS NOMINATED BY ACCLAMATION

Entire Harmony Prevailed at the Close of the Convention and All the Factions Were Satisfied

FOR PRESIDENT  
ALTON BROOKS PARKER  
of New York.

For Vice-President  
HENRY G. DAVIS  
of West Virginia.

The above is the ticket nominated by the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis last week. The questions were all gone over thoroughly and the standard-bearers were chosen after mature deliberation and thorough discussion.

The Presidential nomination was made early Saturday morning, and it was expected that when the convention reassembled at 2 p. m. the vice-presidential matter would be settled quickly and an adjournment reached. But in the interim a telegram had been received from Judge Parker that threw the mass of delegates into a temporary state of great excitement. The telegram follows:

"Hon. W. F. Sheehan, Hotel Jefferson, St. Louis:

"I regard the gold standard as firmly and irrevocably established, and shall act accordingly if the action of the convention of today shall be ratified by the people. As the platform is silent on the subject, my view should be made known to the convention, and if it is proved to be unsatisfactory to the majority, I request you to decline the nomination for me at once, so that another may be nominated before adjournment.

A. B. PARKER."

The reading of this message and its explanation by John Sharp Williams put the delegates back into a satisfied state of mind, and the work of the body was then closed up and an adjournment reached amid much cheering.

Following was the detailed vote on the first ballot, which gave Parker the nomination: Alabama, Parker, 22; Arkansas, Parker, 18; California, Parker, 40; Colorado, Parker, 4; Hearst, 5; McCallan, 1; Connecticut, Parker, 14; Delaware, Parker, 4; Florida, Parker, 4; Georgia, Parker, 26; Idaho, Parker, 6; Illinois, Parker, 54; Indiana, Parker, 30; Iowa, Parker, 26; Kansas, Parker, 10; Kentucky, Parker, 2; Louisiana, Parker, 18; Maine, Parker, 7; Hearst, 1; Oney, 4; Maryland, Parker, 16; Massachusetts, Oney, 32; Michigan, Parker, 28; Minnesota, Parker, 9; Hearst, 9; Missouri, Parker, 2; Gray, 1; Mississippi, Parker, 20; Missouri, Parker, 36; Montana, Parker, 6; Nebraska, Parker, 4; Hearst, 4; Oney, 1; Gray, 1; Watt, 1; Patison, 1; Miles, 1; Nevada, Parker, 6; New Hampshire, Parker, 8; New Jersey, Parker, 24; New York, Parker, 78; North Carolina, Parker, 24; North Dakota, Williams, 8; Ohio, Parker, 46; Oregon, Parker, 4; Hearst, 2; McClelland, 1; Coler, 1; Pennsylvania, Parker, 68; Rhode Island, Parker, 6; Parker, 2; South Carolina, Parker, 18; South Dakota, Parker, 8; Tennessee, Parker, 24; Texas, Parker, 36; Utah, Parker, 6; Vermont, Parker, 8; Virginia, Parker, 24; West Virginia, Parker, 10; Hearst, 2; Gorman, 2; Washington, Parker, 10; Wisconsin, Wall, 28; Wyoming, Hearst, 6; Alaska, Parker, 6; Arizona, Parker, 6; District of Columbia, Parker, 6; Indian Territory, Parker, 5; Hearst, 1; Hawaii, Parker, 6; New Mexico, Parker, 6; Oklahoma, Parker, 2; Hearst, 2; McClelland, 1; Oney, 1; Porto Rico, Parker, 2; Hearst, 4.

The foregoing is a total of 658 votes for Parker. Idaho, Washington and West Virginia then changed to the Parker column, giving him a clear plurality and Governor Dockery moved to make the nomination unanimous.

Judge Parker was notified of his nomination early Saturday morning, just as he was returning from his customary swim in the river near his home. He took the news calmly and with his usual dignity. Sunday he attended church and listened to a sermon in which a thinly veiled compliment was paid himself. The usual quiet still is noticeable in all his manners.

**ROLL FOR VICE PRESIDENT.**

The roll of States was called for the presentation of candidates for vice president. Even at this time, the galleries were less than half filled, and great areas of vacant seats were visible.

Alabama was called several times with no response, but finally Mr. Russell, of that State, announced that Alabama would give way to Illinois.

Samuel Aischuler, of Illinois, announced that Freeman B. Morris would speak for that State. Mr. Morris took the platform to name James R. Williams, of Illinois. Cheers greeted the mention of Mr. Williams' name, but they did not come in great measure from the delegates.

Colorado yielded to Washington, and Chairman Clark recognized Frederick

### C. Robertson, of that State, who spoke for ex-Senator George Turner.

Connecticut yielded to Indiana and Delegate Spencer, of that State, secured the nomination of Williams, of Illinois.

By this time a report that a telegram had been received from Judge Parker, declaring his position on the financial question, had become general. A crowd of delegates hurriedly gathered around Sheehan, of New York, and Tillman, of South Carolina.

Little conferences began to occur and the orators did not receive much attention except from the galleries and the small fry, who did not know that a probable sensation was ripening all about them. Delaware gave her place in the call to West Virginia, and the chair recognized John D. Alderson, of that State, who placed in nomination Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia.

A vigorous round of applause came from the delegates when Mr. Davis' name was mentioned, but little from the galleries.

Senator DuBois, of Idaho, seconded the nomination of George Turner, of Washington.

David Overmyer, of Kansas, placed former Senator William A. Harris, of that State, in nomination in a brief speech from the floor.

**Hearst Pledges Support.**

Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, secured recognition for A. M. Lawrence, of that State to read a telegram from the platform. The telegram was from William R. Hearst. The reading was warmly applauded. Mr. Hearst's telegram was as follows:

"A. M. Lawrence, St. Louis: I wish to thank my friends for their unflinching support. I think I can best express my appreciation of their loyalty by continued devotion to the principles of true Democracy, for which we have fought, and by loyal support of the man chosen by the convention to lead the Democratic party."

"WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST."

Buzzard's Bay, Mass., Special.—Former President Grover Cleveland, who is the guest of Joseph Jefferson, was advised of the nomination of Judge Parker for President as soon as he awoke Saturday morning. Later, Mr. Cleveland sent the following statement to the Associated Press:

"Mr. Cleveland declines to see any reporter or representative of the press but sends the following word from his room to the Associated Press:

"I am in absolute ignorance of the action of the St. Louis convention except in so far as it has nominated Mr. Parker as Presidential candidate. With this result I am abundantly gratified, and I hope that the remainder of the work of the convention will add to the encouraging prospects of Democratic success. This is all I can possibly say at this time. I do not know when I shall have an opportunity to read the platform adopted or to learn of the entire proceedings of the convention. In any event, it is absolutely certain that no further expression from me may be expected at present. I hope to be relieved of further importunity on this subject."

**Kaw River on Rampage.**

Kansas City, Mo., Special.—All of the west bottoms of the Missouri side, including the union depot and the great wholesale district of Kansas City, will have been covered with water before the day is closed. A break in the Kaw river near Armourdale, Kan., late Friday night, sending a current of water into the bottoms, that first inundated the north railroad yards and finally crept north, flooded cellars in the whole sale houses and spread out toward the union depot. The water rose slowly and while it will undoubtedly do great damage, it is not believed that the tremendous losses of last year will be duplicated. Friday morning a heavy rain storm started in Kansas City and west to Topeka, which will send the Kaw still higher.

**Negroes Confess Assault.**

Lancaster, Pa., Special.—Aaron Timbers and Jonas Sims, two of the negroes who assaulted Mrs. Elsie Biddle, whose home is near Burlington, N. J., were arrested in Columbia early Thursday. After a few hours in a cell, the men confessed that they were implicated in the affair, but claimed that they had not taken part in the assault, which they asserted was committed by William Austin, who was arrested last night in Philadelphia. The news of the arrest soon spread and created great excitement here. The prisoners were brought to Lancaster today and lodged in the county jail.

**Few Dentists in South America.**

"Philadelphian turns out, on an average, over 300 dentists every year," said a young member of the dental profession. "Of course, a great many of them come here from all over the country, and even from foreign countries, and when they are through with their studies they return to their homes. For my part, I've about made up my mind to migrate to South America, where the opportunities are practically unlimited. Take the city of Buenos Ayres. It has a population of over 1,000,000, with only about fifty dentists. It is a cosmopolitan community, too, English, Germans and Italians having located there in great numbers. In fact, few of the South American cities have a full quota of dentists."—Philadelphia Record.

The cost of the pension roll is \$1.75 a year for every man, woman and child in the United States.

### NORTH STATE NOTES

Many Newsworthy Items Gathered From all Sections.

**Case Compromised.**

Spencer, Special.—Mr. E. P. Sowers, of this place, administrator of the estate of Earl J. Sowers, his son, who was killed in a wreck near Raleigh about six months ago, has effected a settlement with the Southern Railway by which Mr. Sowers received \$5,000 damages on account of the killing of his son. It is learned that the claim was compromised and all parties concerned. At the time of the fatal accident young Sowers was working as a brakeman and was caught on an alleged defective box car and thrown high in the air, landing on his head, causing injuries from which he died within a few hours. The deceased was highly thought of by those who knew him.

**Wilmington Boy Drowned.**

Wilmington, Special.—While bathing with a number of companions in Northeast river, near Hilton bridge, Thursday afternoon, the 12-year-old son of Policeman E. R. Chadwick was drowned. The boys had just gone in bathing and young Chadwick exclaimed, "I am going to dive and get bottom." He plunged beneath the surface, but never came up. The presumption is that he came up under the timber raft which over-spread the surface near where the boys were swimming. The body has not been recovered.

**Sale of Hosiery Mills.**

Fayetteville, Special.—The Lafayette Hosiery Mills, which have been in the hands of Mr. R. H. Dye as receiver, have been purchased by Mr. F. H. Cotton, an experienced mill man, formerly superintendent of the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Cotton is moving the plant to the buildings of the old Cumberland Manufacturing Company, which he will enlarge, put in new machinery, and manufacture hosiery on a large scale.

**North State Briefs.**

Governor Aycock on Friday commuted to life imprisonment in the penitentiary Archie Lipscombe, of Granville county, who was convicted of killing a negro "conjurer," who he thought had planned to do him injury. Dr. Miller, of Oxford, hospital for the insane, went to Oxford and examined Lipscombe and reported to the government that he was of weak mind and very superstitious. There was some feeling against Lipscombe, not only on the part of the negroes, but on that of a number of the white people and it was thought best to get him quickly and quietly to the penitentiary, so he was taken there a little after 7 o'clock this afternoon. It is rather odd that the whites should have been bitter against Lipscombe, but they were so disposed.

The Corporation Commission Friday issued its report on the State, private and savings banks up to June 9. The report showed resources aggregating \$29,416,580. The capital stock is \$4,771,704; surplus fund \$677,348; undivided profits \$554,200; deposits subject to check \$17,083,205. The trust deposits aggregate \$1,218,428. The report shows that only \$70 of United States bonds are held and only \$39,560 of North Carolina State bonds.

A charter is granted to the new Bank of Vance, at Burnsville, to do a commercial business, the capital stock being \$10,000.

In the election at Charlotte, N. C., Tuesday prohibition carried by 485 majority over both the saloon and dispensary. The dispensary vote was very light.

Four white children were burned to death in their home at Raleigh, N. C., on Tuesday morning.

Train No. 97, the Southern's fast mail, was wrecked near Greensboro on Tuesday.

At Lumberton Insurance Commissioner Young secured the arrest of a man named Roberts, from Chicago, who was representing the Order of the Navy Department, which has no license in North Carolina.

There is only one vacancy in the National Guard in this State, due to the disbandment of the Reidsville company. A company at North Wilkesboro is endeavoring to get the vacancy.

The naval militia of this State is certainly well equipped so far as arms are concerned. It has four rapid-fire Colt rifles, two long-barreled Howitzers and one 1-pounder Hotchkiss gun. It also has 220 Lee magazine rifles. The trouble is it can draw no uniforms, as the Navy Department does not furnish these, and all that the force has is privately bought. A claim has been made that in other States the naval militia had drawn clothing, but the Navy Department says this is inaccurate.

Governor Aycock was asked how much money had been contributed privately for the State exhibit at St. Louis. Treasurer Lacey was present, and said the amount was \$8,960. The Governor then said that \$1,000 more was urgently needed, and at once that if it was obtained that a like sum would be available out of the Treasury. He said North Carolina was making as fine a showing as some of the States which had appropriated hundreds of thousands of dollars.

### REPORT DISCOUNTED

Russians Maintain That the Japanese Exaggerated Victory

**NO GREAT VICTORY AT KAI CHOU**

According to the Official Reports of General Sakharoff, the Russian Retreat Was Only a Succession of Skirmishes.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—Details of the Russian retreat from Kai Chou which is hailed as a great victory at Tokio, show, according to the official reports of Lieutenant General Sakharoff, commander of the eastern army, that it was little more than a series of skirmishes. The Russian losses were about 200 men. The Tokio report is that ten guns were captured. The Russians retired in perfect order before General Oku's army, consisting of four divisions.

Staff Captain Count Nerod, who was killed was a brother of the midshipman of that name who was killed at the time of the sinking of the Russian protected cruiser Varieg, off Chemulpo, Captain Nerod was in command of the rear-guard, which is the post of honor. A Russian officer occupying this post must be behind his men, and it was while following the troops that Nerod met his death.

Gen. Oku's advance continues. His main force, which the General staff believes to be almost 60,000 strong, was yesterday about five miles north of Kai Chou. His skirmishes were about three miles further north. The Japanese cavalry is proceeding to New Chung, and a heavy force of Japanese is converging upon Siadama, halfway to Ta Tehe Kiao, on the Su Yen road.

About noon, July 9, a Japanese force of six companies of infantry and two guns was observed marching southward from the Black Mountains, in the vicinity of Siadama. At the same time, a brigade of Japanese infantry, with two batteries, advanced from Wida Pass, concentrating at Siadama. Firing commenced in the afternoon and lasted until dusk, when the Russian officers and 15 men were wounded and four men were killed.

There is no change in the situation in the direction of Hai Cheng and Su Feng. A company of Japanese is converging upon Siadama, halfway to Ta Tehe Kiao, on the Su Yen road. In the direction of Liao Yang and Halmatza, ambushed a squadron of Japanese cavalry. The Cossacks' losses were three horses killed. The Japanese lost 20 men killed or wounded. The sentiment of the general staff foreshadows an engagement at Hai Cheng.

Up to noon Monday, the Japanese admitted that they had no confirmation of the reported activity of the Port Arthur garrison. Nevertheless, there is excellent ground for believing that it has gone out of Port Arthur. The Vladivostok squadron is also at sea.

**Fleet and Army in Touch.**

Yin Kow, By Cable.—Japanese vessels have been seen off Kai Chou. It is believed that they are keeping in touch with the advance of the land forces and that if the Japanese take Ta Tehe Kiao, which is understood to be their objective, it is thought that a landing will be made simultaneously at Yin Kow.

The fighting at Kai Chou consisted of a series of skirmishes on July 7, and July 8, ending with the occupation of the town by Gen. Oku's troops. Japanese scouts are close to Yin Kow. They can be seen on the neighboring hill tops, from whence they occasionally fire upon the Russian outposts.

**17 Persons Killed.**

New York, Special.—Seventeen persons were killed and 40 injured, some of them seriously, as the result of a regular passenger train on the Greenwood branch of the Erie Railroad running into an excursion train which was taking water at Midvale, N. J., at noon today.

**Street Killing in Mississippi.**

Memphis, Tenn., Special.—A special to The Commercial Appeal from Cleveland, Miss., says that Harry P. Williams, one of the most popular citizens of that place, was shot and killed at a late hour Monday on the main street by James S. Wakefield, Williams was accompanied by his wife when the tragedy occurred. The killing resulted from a trivial affair.

**Liao-Yang Flooded.**

Liao Yang, By Cable.—Notwithstanding the proximity of the Japanese, the Chinese inhabitants are calm and are following their usual occupations. The heavy rains of the last ten days flooded the streets and squares, and the roads are like swamps. Traffic is greatly impeded.

**Henry Renominated.**

Waco, Texas, Special.—The returns from the eleventh Congressional district are now sufficiently accurate to determine that Congressman R. L. Henry has defeated Judge Gerald in the primaries held Saturday. His majority will be large enough to prevent any contest.

**Work of Madman.**

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—A peasant named Micheloff became insane in the village of Almusha. He killed his wife, brother, his brother's wife and his aged mother, with a hatchet. He injured several persons who interfered with him, set fire to his mother's home and the blaze spread, destroying fifty other houses. The madman, in the height of the fire, jumped into the flames and was incinerated.



## THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

BY THE CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, \$1.00  
Six Months, .60  
Three Months, .35

No. 11

"LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE."

GOVERNOR AYCOCK STATED IN HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS THAT UNDER, AND THEREFORE BY IMPLICATION IN CONSEQUENCE OF, FUSION RULE "LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE, CRIME STALKED AROUND AT NOONDAY, SLEEP LAY DOWN WITH ALARM AND THE SOUND OF THE PISTOL WAS MORE FREQUENT THAN THE SONG OF THE MOCKING BIRD." HOW STANDS THE AS-TO-DAY GOVERNOR? HAVEN'T THE ACTS OF THREE RED SHIRT LEGISLATURES AND MORE THAN TWO YEARS OF YOUR OWN BENEFICENT RULE PASSED INTO HISTORY SINCE YOU PROCLAIMED THE FOREGOING? WHEN YOU ARE CAVORTING OVER THE STATE WHOOPING FOR EDUCATION AND ROADS DON'T YOU HEAR OF MORE CRIMES BEING COMMITTED IN NORTH CAROLINA THAN EVER BEFORE AND DO YOU CONTINUE TO ATTRIBUTE THESE TROUSERS TO FUSION?

JUDGE ALTON B. PARKER.

At St. Louis last week the Democrats nominated Judge Alton B. Parker of New York for president and Henry G. Davis of West Virginia for vice-president. Judge Parker was nominated, indirectly by the trusts, bankers and Wall Street gamblers of New York. In other words Judge Parker has been nominated, indirectly by the same powers that tried to control Roosevelt and failed. When Roosevelt was spoken of as the running mate of McKinley the trusts in New York did all they could to have him put on the ticket, so as to get him out of New York State, and get another man as Governor whom they thought they could control. As proof of this statement, no sooner had he been elected than the heads of these corporations, together with their political tools, boasted openly that they had shelved him and that he was dead politically. This is the crowd that has now turned to Judge as their leader. As to Ex-Senator Davis, who is now 81 years old, it appears that he was put on the ticket because he is a multi-millionaire and they know they will need the money to add to Wall Street's big pile if they make any showing for Judge Parker in this campaign.

### POLITICAL ECONOMY.

President Bryan, of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, has recently discharged some of the employees with a view to reducing expenses. The Wilmington Messenger commenting on this action of the management of the road says: "This action on his part right in the midst of the busy truck and vegetable shipping season is receiving the commendation of the very same people who a few months ago raised such a howl because Receiver McBee on taking charge of the road, saw proper to reduce the working force because he thought such action necessary in the interest of economical operation of the property." If the road can do without these men right in the busiest season of the year then shouldn't the president of the road be censured for having kept these men on a good salary for the past winter and spring when there was less work to do than at present. These men were discharged only for political effect, to try to make it appear to the public that the management of the road was economical. But the public will not be so easily fooled. We would not be at all surprised if these men are given back their places after the campaign is over this fall.

Our readers will notice in this issue that we have given a good deal of space to clippings from other papers. By doing this our readers not only have the editorial expressions of this paper but also the cream of the editorials of other papers of the State. By reading these clippings each week you can learn what the other editors are thinking and writing.

The platform upon which Judge Parker was nominated did not contain any plank on the money question. However, Judge Parker telegraphed to his manager in St. Louis, (but not until after he was nominated) that they should have put a gold plank in the platform. If Judge Parker thought this why didn't he say so before he was nominated. But now the speakers can go before the people with two faces. When they are in New York they will speak in favor of gold, when in Nebraska they will say money is not an issue in this campaign. The managers seem to be for anything if they think it will help to elect their man.

During the Democratic Convention in St. Louis last week, Col. Robert L. Holt, as spokesman for a few southern democrats, asked Col. William J. Bryan if he would bolt the convention. Col Bryan answered by asking Col. Holt if he would vote for Roosevelt. Col. Holt and his crowd became very indignant at this answer, and it also caused the Raleigh Post to remark: "What prompted Col. Bryan to ask Col. Holt if he would support Roosevelt is a little beyond our ken."

But possibly Mr. Bryan knew whereof he spoke, as we have heard it rumored that Mr. Holt has voted for a Republican for president.

Some of the democratic papers are not pleased with the machine's choice, Francis D. Winston, for Lieutenant Governor. The following is from the Statesville Landmark:

"Of the nominee for Lieutenant Governor we have nothing to say and expect to have little to say hereafter. We do not approve him and we are not going to lie by saying we do. We would be glad to have some reason to approve him hereafter, but at present we have none."

And now many of the democratic papers are advertising whiskey for "medicinal purposes." We never heard of any one drinking any kind of whiskey unless they thought it would make them feel better, so we are to presume all the whiskey that is sold is for medicinal purposes.

"The Republicans are not as active in calling attention to the army of the unemployed as they were in 1896."—Washington Post.

Judge Parker was nominated last Saturday morning with the rising of the sun. In November he will go down in defeat with the setting of the sun.

The North Carolina delegation failed to get in their resolution at St. Louis endorsing their management of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad.

It is said that Judge Parker takes a bath in the Hudson river every morning. Even at that rate we doubt if it will keep his politics clean.

The case of Judge Parker has proven that "silence is golden." For when he did speak it was for a gold plank in the platform.

The question now is, will the North Carolina democrats bolt the ticket because Mr. Aycock was not nominated for vice-president.

To read the democratic papers the St. Louis Convention was almost as large as the one they held in Greensboro some days ago.

If the Democrats drink whiskey as medicine only, there was an awful lot of them sick at Greensboro.

Judge Parker has spoken at last. But the Democrats that had been wanting to hear him talk now wish that he hadn't.

Mr. Cleveland went to the trouble to try to clean up his past record, all for nothing.

**WORKING NIGHT AND DAY.**  
The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c. per box. Sold by all druggists.

## KAIPING; TAKEN BY JAPANESE.

As a Result of Four Days Fighting—One Position After Another Taken Until It Was Impossible for Russian to Hold Town.

New York, July 11.—The Sun's correspondent at Tokio telegraphs the following details of the operations of General Oku's army: After four days of severe fighting, with desperate Japanese attacks and stubborn Russian resistance, General Oku's army has occupied Kaiping, driving the Russians northward in the direction of Haicheng. The Russians held strongly fortified hills in a semi-circle south of Kaiping, and numbered over 30,000.

The operations began by the Japanese driving 1,600 Russians from the southern heights, which constituted their first line of defense. On the same day the Japanese right wing, southeast of Kaiping, defeated a small force on the left wing and occupied the southwestern heights.

By Thursday the entire army had forced its way closer to Kaiping, overcoming the stubborn resistance of the Russian infantry, artillery and cavalry in the narrow defiles. The Russians held many strong positions in the mountain passes, but in spite of desperate resistance were forced to abandon them. During the night the Russians were reinforced considerably by trains from the north and preparations were made for a big battle. Friday the Japanese began at daylight with an artillery fire from guns placed on the captured heights. By 8 a. m. they had driven the enemy from the outer positions he was still holding and forced him to his last line of defense. The Russians evidently saw then that the town was doomed to capture. General Oku reports that many Russian troops were withdrawn during the morning.

The Russians finally took up positions on the top of high precipices and again offered an obstinate resistance. Towards noon they were forced again to withdraw, the Japanese occupying their last line of defenses. The Japanese pursued them in spite of a severe artillery fire from Russian batteries on high hills to the north. But the Japanese artillery, occupying new positions, managed to silence the Russian guns. The batteries and town were occupied at noon without further resistance.

General Oku reports that in the fighting at Kaiping Major General Koizumi was wounded by a bullet in the hip. The News and Observer a Political Chameleon.

For some years the News and Observer has devoted column after column in abuse of the Southern Railway and its management. If there is anything mean in the English language that might have been said and has been left unsaid, we would be glad to have our attention called to it. We will not attempt to specify or particularize. The public has not forgotten.

In the beautiful and exquisite art of State saving queer things come to pass.

It so happened that one Mr. R. B. Glenn, of Winston, once upon a time saved the State. He was a presidential elector and canvassed the State with Marion Butler. He is something of a speaker and said harsh, bitter things. He pictured a state of fire and brimstone if his rule or ruin policy should fail. We believe he also made some speeches in other campaigns. Whether or not he saved the State is still a debatable question. But he presented his bill and manager Simmons and some other influences ordered it paid. So he was nominated for Governor at Greensboro a few days ago.

Mr. Glenn has been an attorney for the Southern Railway Company, the horrible octopus that disturbs the dreams of the editor of the News and Observer by day and by night. We prefer no charges against him on that account. That does not unfit him for holding high office if he were fit otherwise, and we do not agree that the employee of any corporation is necessarily a bad man. But the spectacle we are now witnessing of the News and Observer crawling gracefully, but slowly on the party band wagon is a fine bit of comedy. Of course we expected he would do it. If the devil were nominated on Mr. Daniels' ticket he would fall right in and declare that he was the best ever. But isn't it strange that some people will call this "honest journalism?"

The News and Observer should tender a most abject apology to the Southern Railway for misrepresenting it, or else apologize to the public for such a display of inconsistency.—Raleigh Enterprise.

Big Fire at Millington, Md. Loss \$125,000—Death From Excitement.

Millington, Del., July 12.—Fire at Millington, Kent county, Md., this afternoon destroyed forty-two buildings every store in the place. Three or four hundred people are homeless tonight. The loss is estimated at about \$125,000. Miss Florence Forbes, a young woman, dropped dead during the excitement attending the fire.

**I the Baby is Cutting Teeth**  
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

## Damage by Hail.

Raleigh Post.  
Capt. E. W. Pace of Wilson, adjutant of loss for the Park Region Hail Insurance Company spent yesterday here. He has been touring the state in his work and is thoroughly familiar with the condition of the crops.

Col. Pace says that the heaviest damage by hail thus far was done by the two storms in Scotland county and he thinks the loss there will probably exceed \$15,000. The next storm, in point of damage, occurred in Halifax where the losses were about \$3,000.

Speaking of the prospects for tobacco, Capt. Pace said, "In eastern Carolina the farmers will not make more than 30 or 35 per cent. of their usual tobacco crop simply because, from one cause and another, they did not plant the weed. However, in the Piedmont section the tobacco crop is large and fine. In fact I have just come from Stokes and Surry counties and I never saw finer crops in my life than I did there."

The damage by hail in Wake county last week was confined to a small area. One of the heaviest losers was Mr. W. Bagwell; he had 10 acres in cotton and a melon patch ruined.

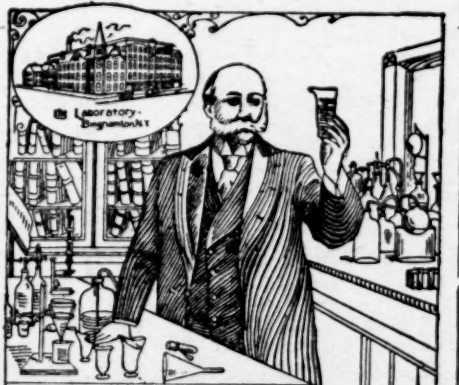
## New Advertisement.

We call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of the Hart Ward Hardware Co., which appears in this issue. If you live on a rural free delivery route get your mail box from them and save money. Every boy and girl should try and get the watch they offer as a premium. See their advertisement.

## Chicago Butchers out on a Strike.

Chicago, July 12.—Chicago and the great packing centres of the west are in the throes of a gigantic industrial struggle. The strike of 5,000 butcher workmen is on in full force and the packing industry of the nation is paralyzed.

## The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this page.

## A BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

The HART-WARD HARDWARE COMPANY will give a WATCH to the girl or boy for the best solution to the following business proposition:

Mr. — is a catalogue house buyer, ordered his Hardware from Chicago, wanted a R. F. D. MAIL BOX, catalogue price was 75 cts, sent in his order, after a month, box was received and he paid \$1.10 cts. freight.  
Cost of R. F. D. Box ..... \$ .75  
Cost of getting it? (freight) ..... 1.10  
Total ..... 1.85  
Hart-Ward Hardware Co., "our price" ..... 1.00  
"The solution is for you to find out."

## Hart-Ward Hardware Company,

LOWEST PRICES. MONEY BACK IF NOT SUITED.  
Mail orders shipped same day order received.  
RALEIGH N. C.

## Save You The Time?



If not then you should get an INGERSOLL WATCH. You will then have as much time and as good time as any one.

## THE CAUCASIAN ONE YEAR

AND AN Ingersoll Watch for \$1.50.

The Watch is absolutely guaranteed for one year and so is the paper.

Address CAUCASIAN PUBLISHING CO., Raleigh, N. C. N. B.—This offer is open to old subscribers as well as new, providing you pay up and renew for one year in advance.

Teacher.—Remember, children, always build your house on a rock. Bright Boy.—Well, papa built a summer hotel on the sand, and made a fortune out of it.—July Smart Set.

## THE AMERICAN FARMER ONE YEAR FREE.

To all new subscribers and all old subscribers that renew one year in advance we will send the American Farmer one year free. The American Farmer is a good farm and home paper, the price of which is fifty cents per year. Better subscribe now before the offer is withdrawn, as only a limited number will be sent free.

## EDUCATIONAL

## University

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT:  
Pharmacy,  
Medicine,  
Law.

Free tuition to teachers and to ministers' sons. Scholarships and loans to the needy.

620 STUDENTS. 67 INSTRUCTORS.

New Dormitories, Gymnasium, Water Works, Central Heating System, : : :

Fall Term begins September 5, 1904. Address,

FRANCIS P. VENABLE, Pres't, CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

## INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

A. & M. COLLEGE, RALEIGH, N. C.

Agricultural, Engineering, (Civil, Electrical, Mechanical and Mining), Industrial (Chemistry, Textile Industry, 620 Students, 85 Instructors, Tuition \$20 a year Board \$8 a month, 120 S. holar. ships.

Address PRESIDENT WINSTON, RALEIGH, N. C.

## A. AND M. COLLEGE.

THE TWELFTH ANNUAL SESSION will begin

September 1st, 1904.

Good four year courses in Agriculture and Mechanic branches—short courses.

Young men desiring room for Fall Term should secure accommodations at once, as only about 100 lodgers can be received.

Write to-day to secure room. For further information or for catalogue address

PRESIDENT DUDLEY, Greensboro, N. C.

## WE CARRY IN STOCK

THE LARGEST LINE OF

## Shoes and Oxfords

OF ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

In Shoes that will please every Customer

Our prices are less and will keep them so.

See us before buying.

## POOL & ALLEN,

RALEIGH, N. C.

## Raleigh Marble Works

Shipments made to any part

of the State at same price

at shop.

## MONUMENTS

COOPER BROS., Proprietors,

Raleigh, N. C.

When writing to advertisers mention the Caucasian Send for Catalogue.

## PARK REGION MUTUAL HAIL INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

Insures Growing Crops of all Kinds AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY HAIL STORMS.

This is an old Reliable Company, with a large membership in this State. We paid three hundred losses last year in North Carolina. We can give you safe protection. We are the Only Old Reliable, Time Tested Company Doing This Line of Business in North Carolina.

For information, or for names of parties who have been paid losses by us Address, The Park Region Mutual Hail Insurance Association

Room 2, Pullen Building, Raleigh, N. C.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

## HORNER MILITARY SCHOOL, OXFORD, N. C.

Two Bishops a Presiding Elder, a Superior Court Judge, and a great New York lawyer from one class. The best educational advantage in the South offered. The fifty-fourth year begins SEPTEMBER 7, 1904.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

## THE NORTH CAROLINA

State Normal and Industrial College.

Literary Classical Scientific Pedagogical Commercial Domestic Science Manual Training Music.

Five courses leading to Diplomas, Advanced courses leading to Degrees. Well equipped Practice and Observation School. Faculty numbers 50. Board, laundry, tuition, and fees for use of text books, etc., \$160 a year. For non-residents of the State \$180. Thirtieth annual session begins September 29, 1904. To secure board in the dormitories all free-tuition applications should be made before July 15th. Correspondence invited from those desiring competent teachers and stenographers. For catalogue and other information address

CHARLES D. McIVER, President, GREENSBORO, N. C.

## TRINITY COLLEGE.

One hundred and seventy graduate and undergraduate courses of study in department of Literature, History, Science and Philosophy. Well-equipped laboratories in all departments of science. Large library facilities. Gymnasium furnished with best apparatus. Expenses very moderate. Aid for worthy young men. Broad and national spirit.

Trinity College Has the Largest Endowment of Any College in the South Atlantic States : : : :

For catalogue and further information, address

D. W. NEWSOM, Registrar, DURHAM, N. C.

## FOR HIGH GRADE JOB PRINTING

—AND— CATALOGUE WORK,

CALL ON OR WRITE

M. J. CARROLL,

Academy of Music Building Raleigh, N. C.







## Poor Soils

are made richer and more productive and rich soils retain their crop-producing powers, by the use of fertilizers with a liberal percentage of

## Potash.

Write for our books—sent free—which give all details.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,  
93 Nassau Street, New York City.

### KEPT ON THE MOVE.

Handkerchief Has Been Around the World Many Times.

The "Coffin Handkerchief," which for fifteen years has been a continuous traveler around the world, is again in Newcastle, Ind., having been received by Harry T. Coffin, a business man. Fifteen years ago it came into the possession of the family and was started from one member of the family to another, each in turn "working it off" on some other member without his knowledge. In this manner it has been kept on the go for fifteen years and has been to Manila, Porto Rico, England, and all points in the United States. During the Coffin family reunion in Newcastle last summer it was slipped into the trunk of a New York representative of the family, who several weeks later discovered it and sent it on, with the result that it went around the world, reaching Omaha, where a member of the family lives. The family considers it a relic and will keep it traveling as long as there is a member of the family living to send it to. It bears a proper inscription, and each recipient adds a little to it each time. —New York Times.

## SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

Double Daily Service.  
Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans and Points South and West.

IN EFFECT JAN. 11, 1904.

SOUTHWARD.

Daily	Daily
N.Y. to P.R.R.	12:25 pm
Philadelphia	12:35 pm
Baltimore	12:45 pm
Washington	12:55 pm
Richmond	1:05 pm
Petersburg	1:15 pm
Norfolk	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm
Hamlet	7:15 pm
Hamlet	7:25 pm
Hamlet	7:35 pm
Hamlet	7:45 pm
Hamlet	7:55 pm
Hamlet	8:05 pm
Hamlet	8:15 pm
Hamlet	8:25 pm
Hamlet	8:35 pm
Hamlet	8:45 pm
Hamlet	8:55 pm
Hamlet	9:05 pm
Hamlet	9:15 pm
Hamlet	9:25 pm
Hamlet	9:35 pm
Hamlet	9:45 pm
Hamlet	9:55 pm
Hamlet	10:05 pm
Hamlet	10:15 pm
Hamlet	10:25 pm
Hamlet	10:35 pm
Hamlet	10:45 pm
Hamlet	10:55 pm
Hamlet	11:05 pm
Hamlet	11:15 pm
Hamlet	11:25 pm
Hamlet	11:35 pm
Hamlet	11:45 pm
Hamlet	11:55 pm
Hamlet	12:05 pm
Hamlet	12:15 pm
Hamlet	12:25 pm
Hamlet	12:35 pm
Hamlet	12:45 pm
Hamlet	12:55 pm
Hamlet	1:05 pm
Hamlet	1:15 pm
Hamlet	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm
Hamlet	7:15 pm
Hamlet	7:25 pm
Hamlet	7:35 pm
Hamlet	7:45 pm
Hamlet	7:55 pm
Hamlet	8:05 pm
Hamlet	8:15 pm
Hamlet	8:25 pm
Hamlet	8:35 pm
Hamlet	8:45 pm
Hamlet	8:55 pm
Hamlet	9:05 pm
Hamlet	9:15 pm
Hamlet	9:25 pm
Hamlet	9:35 pm
Hamlet	9:45 pm
Hamlet	9:55 pm
Hamlet	10:05 pm
Hamlet	10:15 pm
Hamlet	10:25 pm
Hamlet	10:35 pm
Hamlet	10:45 pm
Hamlet	10:55 pm
Hamlet	11:05 pm
Hamlet	11:15 pm
Hamlet	11:25 pm
Hamlet	11:35 pm
Hamlet	11:45 pm
Hamlet	11:55 pm
Hamlet	12:05 pm
Hamlet	12:15 pm
Hamlet	12:25 pm
Hamlet	12:35 pm
Hamlet	12:45 pm
Hamlet	12:55 pm
Hamlet	1:05 pm
Hamlet	1:15 pm
Hamlet	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm
Hamlet	7:15 pm
Hamlet	7:25 pm
Hamlet	7:35 pm
Hamlet	7:45 pm
Hamlet	7:55 pm
Hamlet	8:05 pm
Hamlet	8:15 pm
Hamlet	8:25 pm
Hamlet	8:35 pm
Hamlet	8:45 pm
Hamlet	8:55 pm
Hamlet	9:05 pm
Hamlet	9:15 pm
Hamlet	9:25 pm
Hamlet	9:35 pm
Hamlet	9:45 pm
Hamlet	9:55 pm
Hamlet	10:05 pm
Hamlet	10:15 pm
Hamlet	10:25 pm
Hamlet	10:35 pm
Hamlet	10:45 pm
Hamlet	10:55 pm
Hamlet	11:05 pm
Hamlet	11:15 pm
Hamlet	11:25 pm
Hamlet	11:35 pm
Hamlet	11:45 pm
Hamlet	11:55 pm
Hamlet	12:05 pm
Hamlet	12:15 pm
Hamlet	12:25 pm
Hamlet	12:35 pm
Hamlet	12:45 pm
Hamlet	12:55 pm
Hamlet	1:05 pm
Hamlet	1:15 pm
Hamlet	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm
Hamlet	7:15 pm
Hamlet	7:25 pm
Hamlet	7:35 pm
Hamlet	7:45 pm
Hamlet	7:55 pm
Hamlet	8:05 pm
Hamlet	8:15 pm
Hamlet	8:25 pm
Hamlet	8:35 pm
Hamlet	8:45 pm
Hamlet	8:55 pm
Hamlet	9:05 pm
Hamlet	9:15 pm
Hamlet	9:25 pm
Hamlet	9:35 pm
Hamlet	9:45 pm
Hamlet	9:55 pm
Hamlet	10:05 pm
Hamlet	10:15 pm
Hamlet	10:25 pm
Hamlet	10:35 pm
Hamlet	10:45 pm
Hamlet	10:55 pm
Hamlet	11:05 pm
Hamlet	11:15 pm
Hamlet	11:25 pm
Hamlet	11:35 pm
Hamlet	11:45 pm
Hamlet	11:55 pm
Hamlet	12:05 pm
Hamlet	12:15 pm
Hamlet	12:25 pm
Hamlet	12:35 pm
Hamlet	12:45 pm
Hamlet	12:55 pm
Hamlet	1:05 pm
Hamlet	1:15 pm
Hamlet	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm
Hamlet	7:15 pm
Hamlet	7:25 pm
Hamlet	7:35 pm
Hamlet	7:45 pm
Hamlet	7:55 pm
Hamlet	8:05 pm
Hamlet	8:15 pm
Hamlet	8:25 pm
Hamlet	8:35 pm
Hamlet	8:45 pm
Hamlet	8:55 pm
Hamlet	9:05 pm
Hamlet	9:15 pm
Hamlet	9:25 pm
Hamlet	9:35 pm
Hamlet	9:45 pm
Hamlet	9:55 pm
Hamlet	10:05 pm
Hamlet	10:15 pm
Hamlet	10:25 pm
Hamlet	10:35 pm
Hamlet	10:45 pm
Hamlet	10:55 pm
Hamlet	11:05 pm
Hamlet	11:15 pm
Hamlet	11:25 pm
Hamlet	11:35 pm
Hamlet	11:45 pm
Hamlet	11:55 pm
Hamlet	12:05 pm
Hamlet	12:15 pm
Hamlet	12:25 pm
Hamlet	12:35 pm
Hamlet	12:45 pm
Hamlet	12:55 pm
Hamlet	1:05 pm
Hamlet	1:15 pm
Hamlet	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm
Hamlet	7:15 pm
Hamlet	7:25 pm
Hamlet	7:35 pm
Hamlet	7:45 pm
Hamlet	7:55 pm
Hamlet	8:05 pm
Hamlet	8:15 pm
Hamlet	8:25 pm
Hamlet	8:35 pm
Hamlet	8:45 pm
Hamlet	8:55 pm
Hamlet	9:05 pm
Hamlet	9:15 pm
Hamlet	9:25 pm
Hamlet	9:35 pm
Hamlet	9:45 pm
Hamlet	9:55 pm
Hamlet	10:05 pm
Hamlet	10:15 pm
Hamlet	10:25 pm
Hamlet	10:35 pm
Hamlet	10:45 pm
Hamlet	10:55 pm
Hamlet	11:05 pm
Hamlet	11:15 pm
Hamlet	11:25 pm
Hamlet	11:35 pm
Hamlet	11:45 pm
Hamlet	11:55 pm
Hamlet	12:05 pm
Hamlet	12:15 pm
Hamlet	12:25 pm
Hamlet	12:35 pm
Hamlet	12:45 pm
Hamlet	12:55 pm
Hamlet	1:05 pm
Hamlet	1:15 pm
Hamlet	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm
Hamlet	7:15 pm
Hamlet	7:25 pm
Hamlet	7:35 pm
Hamlet	7:45 pm
Hamlet	7:55 pm
Hamlet	8:05 pm
Hamlet	8:15 pm
Hamlet	8:25 pm
Hamlet	8:35 pm
Hamlet	8:45 pm
Hamlet	8:55 pm
Hamlet	9:05 pm
Hamlet	9:15 pm
Hamlet	9:25 pm
Hamlet	9:35 pm
Hamlet	9:45 pm
Hamlet	9:55 pm
Hamlet	10:05 pm
Hamlet	10:15 pm
Hamlet	10:25 pm
Hamlet	10:35 pm
Hamlet	10:45 pm
Hamlet	10:55 pm
Hamlet	11:05 pm
Hamlet	11:15 pm
Hamlet	11:25 pm
Hamlet	11:35 pm
Hamlet	11:45 pm
Hamlet	11:55 pm
Hamlet	12:05 pm
Hamlet	12:15 pm
Hamlet	12:25 pm
Hamlet	12:35 pm
Hamlet	12:45 pm
Hamlet	12:55 pm
Hamlet	1:05 pm
Hamlet	1:15 pm
Hamlet	1:25 pm
Hamlet	1:35 pm
Hamlet	1:45 pm
Hamlet	1:55 pm
Hamlet	2:05 pm
Hamlet	2:15 pm
Hamlet	2:25 pm
Hamlet	2:35 pm
Hamlet	2:45 pm
Hamlet	2:55 pm
Hamlet	3:05 pm
Hamlet	3:15 pm
Hamlet	3:25 pm
Hamlet	3:35 pm
Hamlet	3:45 pm
Hamlet	3:55 pm
Hamlet	4:05 pm
Hamlet	4:15 pm
Hamlet	4:25 pm
Hamlet	4:35 pm
Hamlet	4:45 pm
Hamlet	4:55 pm
Hamlet	5:05 pm
Hamlet	5:15 pm
Hamlet	5:25 pm
Hamlet	5:35 pm
Hamlet	5:45 pm
Hamlet	5:55 pm
Hamlet	6:05 pm
Hamlet	6:15 pm
Hamlet	6:25 pm
Hamlet	6:35 pm
Hamlet	6:45 pm
Hamlet	6:55 pm
Hamlet	7:05 pm</